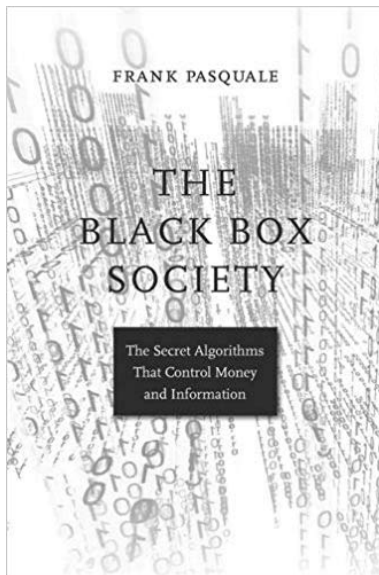


The topological face of recommendation.

Erwan Le Merrer, *Inria*
Gilles Trédan, *LAAS/CNRS*

The “black box-ization” of interactions



VERS L'AUTOMATISATION DE LA CENSURE POLITIQUE - FÉLIX TRÉGUER

« L'urgence, c'est de rompre l'alliance des appareils policiers et des grands marchands d'infrastructures numériques »

paru dans lundimatin#180, le 26 février 2019



Nous publions ici un article généreusement transmis par nos confrères de **La Quadrature du Net** sur les nouvelles formes de censure politique dans l'espace virtuel : grâce à l'intelligence artificielle, des milliers de contenus soi-disant « terroristes » postés sur facebook ou youtube sont automatiquement supprimés chaque jour. Pour cela, les États, loin d'être concurrencés par les géants de l'internet, collaborent bien plutôt avec eux, notamment en légiférant pour aménager la possibilité d'une censure extra-judiciaire (suppression automatique des contenus).



APPEL À DON

Nous sommes à un tournant de la longue histoire de la censure. Ce tournant, c'est celui de la censure privée et automatisée. Il acte une rupture radicale avec les garanties associées à la liberté d'expression que les luttes démocratiques du XIX^e siècle nous avaient léguées en héritage.

Computers good old days



Internet good old days



YAHOO! CELEBRATE AND WIN.
[Get Local](#) **HOLIDAY EXTRAVAGANZA** [CLICK HERE!](#) [Weekly Picks](#)

[Options](#)

[Yellow Pages](#) - [People Search](#) - [City Maps](#) -- [Stock Quotes](#) - [Sports Scores](#)

- [Arts and Humanities](#) - [Architecture](#), [Photography](#), [Literature](#)...
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- [Computers and Internet \[Xtra!\]](#) - [Internet](#), [WWW](#), [Software](#), [Multimedia](#)...
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- [Government](#) - [96 Elections](#), [Politics \[Xtra!\]](#), [Agencies](#), [Law](#), [Military](#)...
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- [Reference](#) - [Libraries](#), [Dictionaries](#), [Phone Numbers](#)...

Today: “oracle”-like services

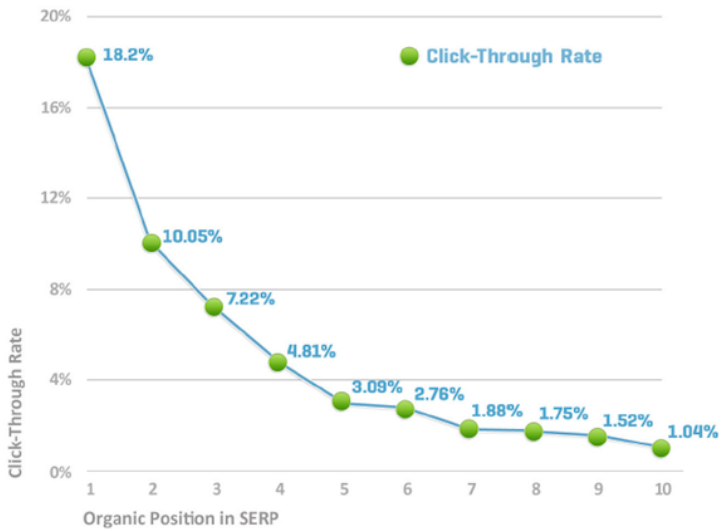
Google



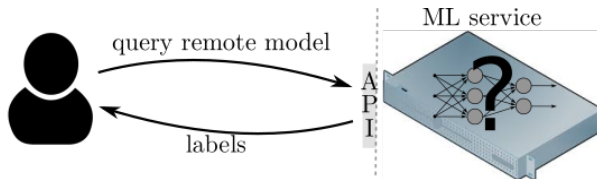
Google Search

I'm Feeling Lucky

CTR Curve



Turning point to the black box era



- Input: user actions/data. Arbitrary processing: output/results
- Users cannot access the data, history, algorithm...
- Trust given to the remote service/algorithm,
 - while it has big interest in manipulating the outputs (e.g., ads)

Example 2: Recommendations (Gilles's talk)

Frequently Bought Together



Total price: **\$83.09**

Add both to Cart

Add both to List

- This Item:** Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs - 2nd Edition (MIT Electrical Engineering and... by Harold Abelson Paperback **\$50.50**
- The Pragmatic Programmer: From Journeyman to Master** by Andrew Hunt Paperback **\$32.59**

Customers Who Bought This Item Also Bought

Page 1 of 13



The Little Schemer - 4th Edition
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Paperback
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The Pragmatic Programmer: From Journeyman to Master
Andrew Hunt
★★★★☆ 328
Paperback
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Paperback
\$40.74 ✓Prime



Code: The Hidden Language of Computer Hardware and Software
Charles Petzold
★★★★☆ 334
#1 Best Seller in Machine Theory
Paperback
\$17.99 ✓Prime



The Little Prover (MIT Press)
Daniel P. Friedman
★★★★☆ 4
Paperback
\$31.78 ✓Prime



Example 2: Recommendations (Gilles's talk)



Amazon is huge. The ecommerce giant accounted for 43% of 2016 online retail sales in the US, according to Slice Intelligence. With its latest acquisition of Whole Foods and its foray into cashless shopping with Amazon Go, Amazon looks set to assert its dominance in the physical retail space as well.

Many factors contribute to Amazon's success, but recently, artificial intelligence (AI) is increasingly being touted as a key pillar of Amazon's competitive advantage. And one of Amazon's best applications of AI is in its on-site product recommendations.

Amazon strives to create a personalized shopping experience for every customer. In a page titled '[Your Amazon.com](#)', users are recommended a unique selection of products based on their past shopping behavior. According to research by [McKinsey](#), a mind-boggling 35% of Amazon's sales come from such recommendations.

Example 3: Credit scoring



- Nowadays: default prediction by models \rightarrow score \rightarrow decision
- Data: thousands of factors, do you know/understand them all?

Example 4: From image classification APIs ...

Object and Scene Detection

Receive automatic image labeling of objects, concepts, and scene detection with a confidence score. (Your images will not be stored.)



Select A Sample Image



Use Your Own Image



or

Provide an image URL here

Go

Next Steps: [Developer Guide >](#)

▼ Labels | Confidence

animal	97.9%
dog	97.9%
golden retriever	97.9%
pet	97.9%

► Request

▼ Response

```
[
  {
    "Confidence": 97.97281646728516,
    "Name": "animal"
  },
  {
    "Confidence": 97.97281646728516,
    "Name": "dog"
  },
  {
    "Confidence": 97.97281646728516,
    "Name": "golden_retriever"
  },
  {
    "Confidence": 97.97281646728516,
    "Name": "pet"
  }
]
```


Example 4: ... to self driving cars



(a) Input 1



(b) Input 2 (darker version of 1)

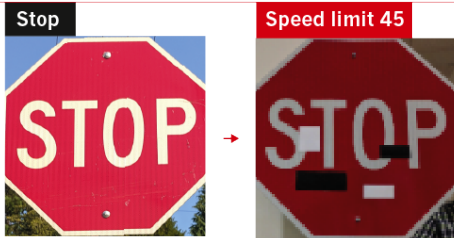
Figure 1: An example erroneous behavior found by DeepXplore in Nvidia DAVE-2 self-driving car platform. The DNN-based self-driving car correctly decides to turn left for image (a) but incorrectly decides to turn right and crashes into the guardrail for image (b), a slightly darker version of (a).

1

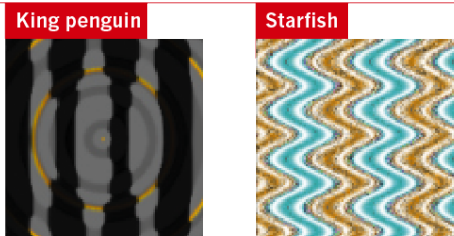
FOOLING THE AI

Deep neural networks (DNNs) are brilliant at image recognition — but they can be easily hacked.

These stickers made an artificial-intelligence system read this stop sign as 'speed limit 45'.



Scientists have evolved images that look like abstract patterns — but which DNNs see as familiar objects.



... to the infamous social credit



Our near future, the cybernetic dream?



Current solutions fail

- **Explainability**: good only if you access the algorithm **locally**!

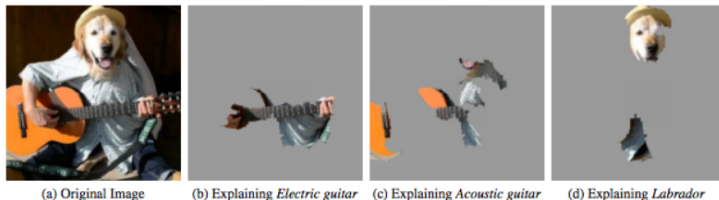


Figure 4: Explaining an image classification prediction made by Google's Inception network, highlighting positive pixels. The top 3 classes predicted are "Electric Guitar" ($p = 0.32$), "Acoustic guitar" ($p = 0.24$) and "Labrador" ($p = 0.21$)

2

-
2. LIME: "Why Should I Trust You?": Explaining the Predictions of Any Classifier, 2016
 3. <https://www.gouvernement.fr/argumentaire/le-gouvernement-publie-le-code-des-algorithmes-de-parcoursup>

Current solutions fail

- **Explainability:** good only if you access the algorithm **locally!**

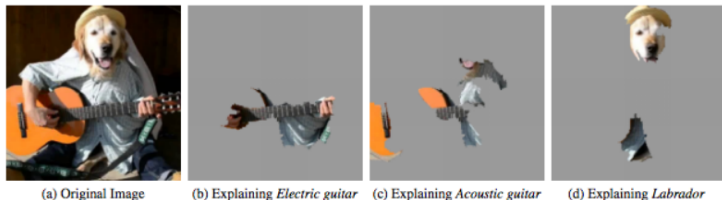


Figure 4: Explaining an image classification prediction made by Google's Inception network, highlighting positive pixels. The top 3 classes predicted are "Electric Guitar" ($p = 0.32$), "Acoustic guitar" ($p = 0.24$) and "Labrador" ($p = 0.21$)

2

- **Transparency:** "please trust me I am clean"

Le Gouvernement publie le code des algorithmes de Parcoursup

Une première à l'échelle de l'État : le Gouvernement a publié le 21 mai 2018, le code informatique du cœur algorithmique de la plateforme d'orientation universitaire Parcoursup.

3

2. LIME: "Why Should I Trust You?": Explaining the Predictions of Any Classifier, 2016

3. <https://www.gouvernement.fr/argumentaire/le-gouvernement-publie-le-code-des-algorithmes-de-parcoursup>

algorithmes-de-parcoursup

🏠 Project overview

📁 Repository

Files

Commits

Branches

Tags

Contributors

Graph

Compare

📄 Issues 5

🔗 Merge Requests 2

📖 Analytics

📖 Wiki

✂ Snippets

👤 Members

Parcoursup > algorithmes-de-parcoursup > Repository

master algorithmes-de-parcoursup / java / parcoursup / propositions / algo / Voeu.java



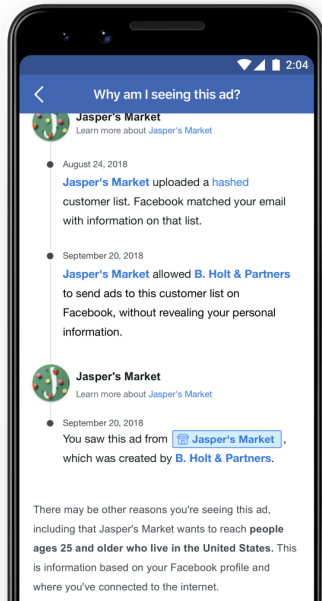
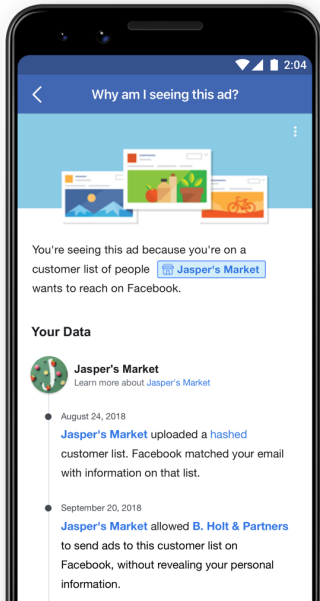
évolutions 2019: répondeur automatique, meilleurs bacheliers, affichages candidats

Parcoursup authored 8 months ago

📄 Voeu.java 11.1 KB 📄

```
1
2  /* Copyright 2018 © Ministère de l'Enseignement Supérieur, de la Recherche et de
3  l'Innovation,
4     Hugo Gimbert (hugo.gimbert@enseignementsup.gouv.fr)
5
6     This file is part of Algorithmes-de-parcoursup.
7
8     Algorithmes-de-parcoursup is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
9     it under the terms of the Affero GNU General Public License as published by
10    the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
11    (at your option) any later version.
12
13    Algorithmes-de-parcoursup is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
14    but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
15    MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
16    Affero GNU General Public License for more details.
17
18    You should have received a copy of the Affero GNU General Public License
19    along with Algorithmes-de-parcoursup. If not, see <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
20
21    */
22    package parcoursup.propositions.algo;
23
24    import javax.xml.bind.annotation.XmlTransient;
25    import parcoursup.propositions.meilleursbacheliers.MeilleurBachelier;
26
27    public class Voeu {
28
29        /* caractéristiques identifiant de manière unique le voeu dans la base de données */
30        public final VoeuID id;
31
32        /* groupe d'affectation du voeu */
33        @XmlTransient
```

Potentially adversarial algorithms: beware of “fair-washing”



Potentially adversarial algorithms: beware of “fair-washing”

Our experiments demonstrated that Facebook’s ad explanations are often incomplete and sometimes misleading, and that Facebook’s data explanations are incomplete and often vague. These findings have important implications for users, as they may lead them to incorrectly conclude how they were targeted with ads. Moreover, these findings also suggest that malicious advertisers may be able to obfuscate their true targeting attributes by hiding rare (and potentially sensitive) attributes by also selecting very common ones. To make matters worse, Twitter recently introduced explanations that are similar to Facebook’s explanations. This underscores the urgent need to provide properly designed explanations as social media advertising services mature. We hope that our study will provide a basis to guide such a design.

4

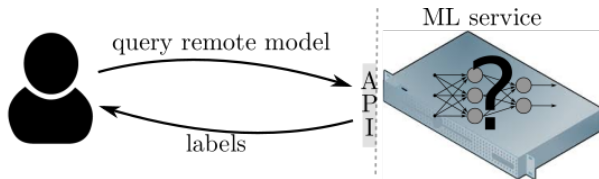
Potentially adversarial algorithms: beware of “fair-washing”



The bouncer problem! ⁵

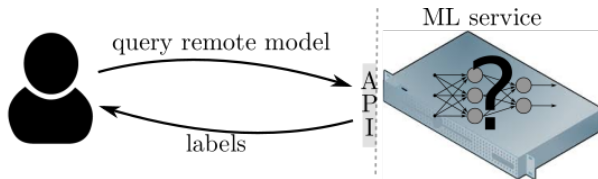
5. The bouncer problem: challenges for remote explainability, arXiv 2019

Researchers, hackers: we need audit algorithms



- General framework for user-sided audits:
 - tweak craftable input
 - submit to the black-box
 - collect results
 - if enough to conclude on hypothesis: return
 - loop;

Researchers, hackers: we need audit algorithms



- General framework for user-sided audits:
 - tweak craftable input
 - submit to the black-box
 - collect results
 - if enough to conclude on hypothesis: return
 - loop;

BUT assuming that the black-box can be **adversarial**
AND that the number of submissions **must be small**

The black-box society looks quite real

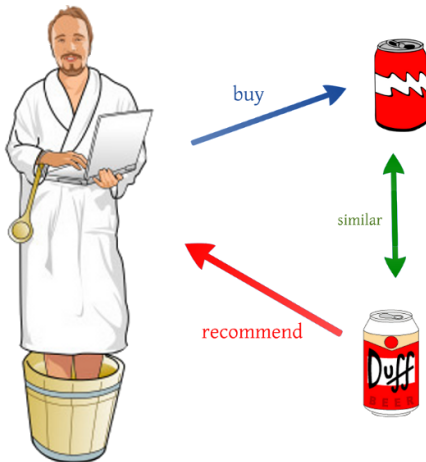
- From **user-control of algorithms to algorithmic-control**
- Huge impact, close to **no tools today** to assess this
- We need user-sided **audit algorithms**
 - Blend of security, data science, behavioural theory...



The case of recommendation algorithms

Recommenders

- Recommenders: filtering tools for items
- *Predict* user tastes for items
- Returns the most likely preferred items

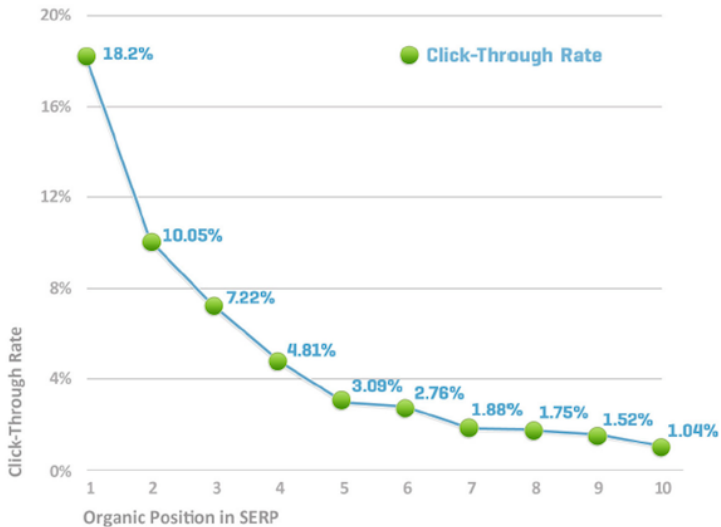


...



Recommender impact

CTR Curve



Two on Culture

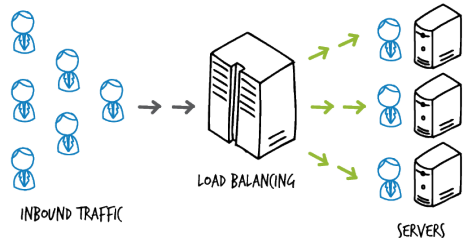
Social Psychology Quarterly
2008, Vol. 71, No. 4, 338-355

Leading the Herd Astray: An Experimental Study of Self-fulfilling Prophecies in an Artificial Cultural Market

MATTHEW J. SALGANIK
Princeton University

DUNCAN J. WATTS
Yahoo! Research and Columbia University

Individuals influence each others' decisions about cultural products such as songs, books, and movies; but to what extent can the perception of success become a "self-fulfilling prophecy"? We have explored this question experimentally by artificially inverting the true popularity of songs in an online "music market," in which 12,207 participants listened to and downloaded songs by unknown bands. We found that most songs experienced self-fulfilling prophecies, in which perceived—but initially false—popularity became real over time. We also found, however, that the inversion was not self-fulfilling for the market as a








POPULAR				
	1	+	Call Me Maybe	187,656,284
	2	+	Good Time	78,208,225
	3	+	Run Away With Me	8,229,716
	4	+	I Really Like You	154,341,935
	5	+	I Really Like You - Blasterjazz Remix	2,515,446


Crawling


Questionnaire reseau Wiad Inbox - gtredan@ias.fr - Icecube Mail/News Terminal - gtredan@join:~ | 170x48 | pts/5 Lady Gaga's FULL Pepsi Zero Sugar Super Bowl L1

Erreur liée à la confi... x Ibis Quiberon Plage x tikz pgf - How can I... x Lady Gaga's FULL Pepsi... x





← → ↻ <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bXwg712zw4>     

Applications Create a Python p... Fichiers - ownCloud Neural Networks | computer science Review: Probability SHANGAI LOUNGE Analytical Minds: f... Exploratory Data / »


 **YouTube**^{FR} Rechercher





Lady Gaga's FULL Pepsi Zero Sugar Super Bowl L1 Halftime Show | NFL


   


À suivre Lecture automatique

 **Michael Jackson Super Bowl Complete Version HQ**
Memo Hiervas
20 414 858 vues
12:48

 **Mix - Lady Gaga's FULL Pepsi Zero Sugar Super Bowl L1 Halftime Show | NFL**
YouTube

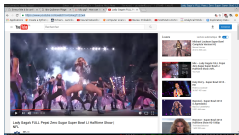
 **Katy Perry - Super Bowl 2015 - HD**
Federico Andrade
36 967 451 vues
12:27

 **Beyoncé - Super Bowl 2013 (Legendado)**
Beyoncé LEGENDAS
9 021 664 vues
13:15

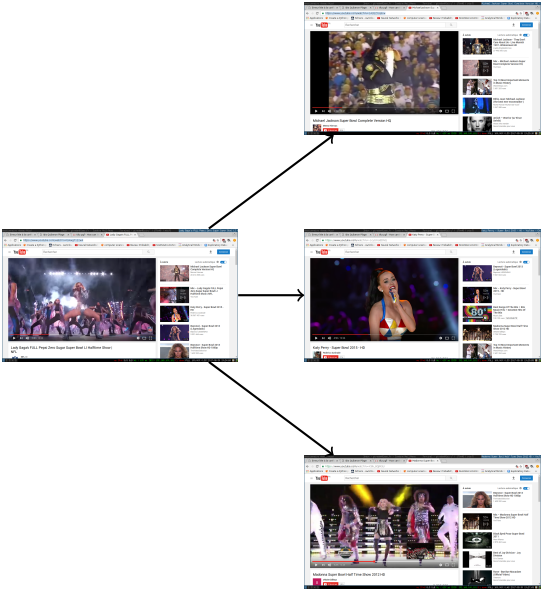
 **Beyoncé - Super Bowl 2013 Halftime Show HD 1080p**
TheVideoSelection
1 620 992 vues
13:15

1 2 3 4 5 no IP:6 | 8,5 GiB | W: 63% an. | BT5: 192,168,100,181 | E: down | FULL 100,00% | 0,53 | 2017-06-30 19:24:50

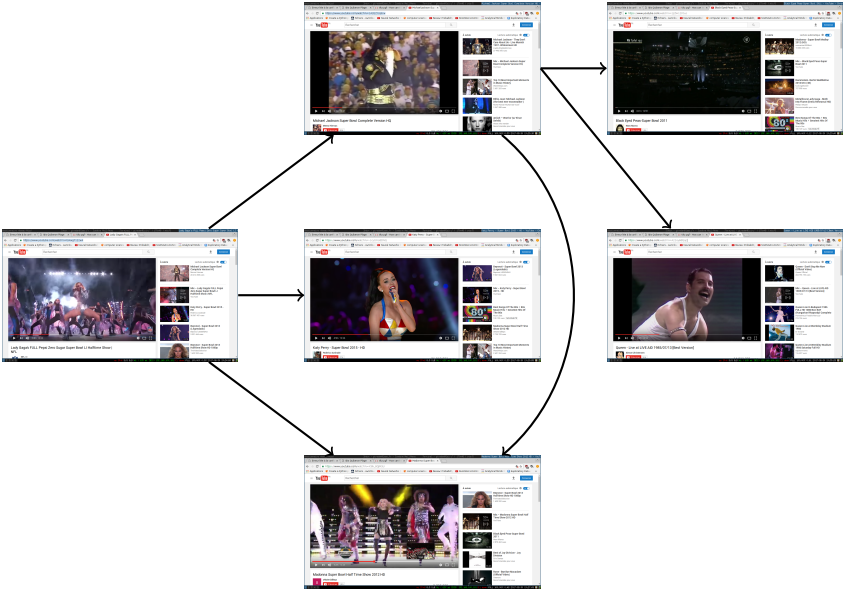
Crawling



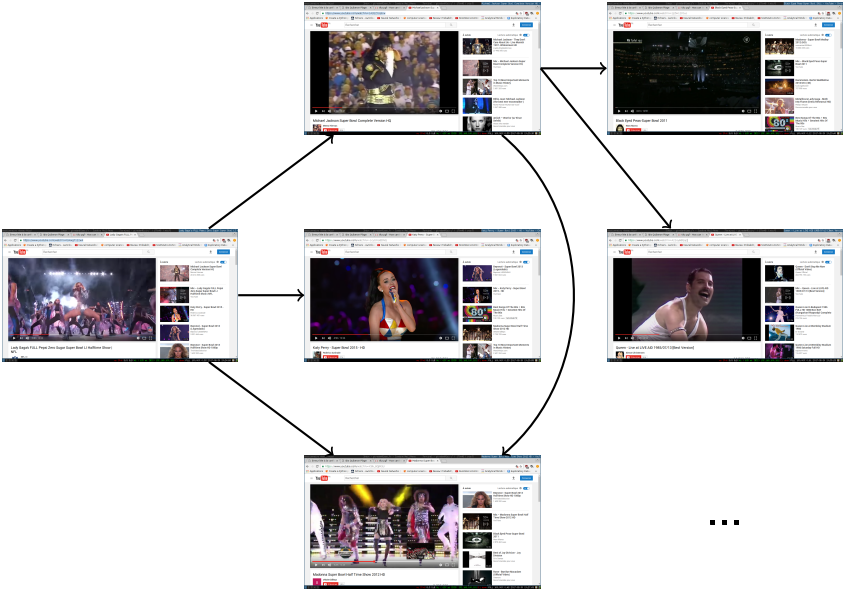
Crawling

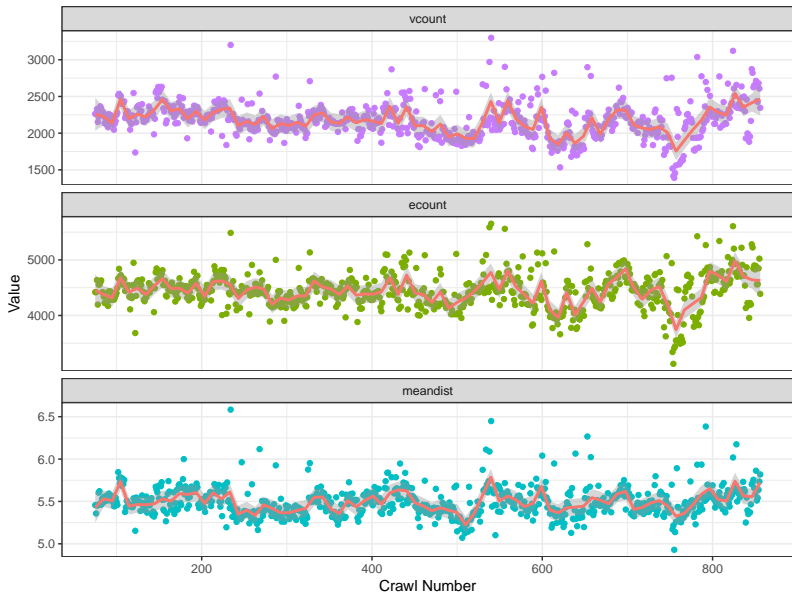


Crawling



Crawling





33 days of youtube hourly crawling. $\mathbb{E}(|V(G_t) \cap V(G_{t+1})|) = 74.7\%$

A screenshot of a web browser displaying a YouTube video player. The video is titled "Lady Gaga's FULL Pepsi Zero Sugar Super Bowl LI Halftime Show | NFL". The video player shows a stage performance with bright lights and a large audience. A semi-transparent cookie banner is overlaid on the video, with several green arrows pointing to it. The banner contains the text "L'Espresso e la conf..." and "https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7122z6t...". The browser's address bar shows the URL "https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7122z6t...". The browser's search bar contains the text "Rechercher". The browser's tabs include "L'Espresso e la conf...", "https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7122z6t...", "Applications", "Create a Python", "Richman - openCl...", "Neural Networks", "Computer Science", "Review: Probabili...", "SHANGHA LOUNGE", "Analytical Methods", and "Exploratory Data...". The browser's status bar shows the URL "https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7122z6t...".

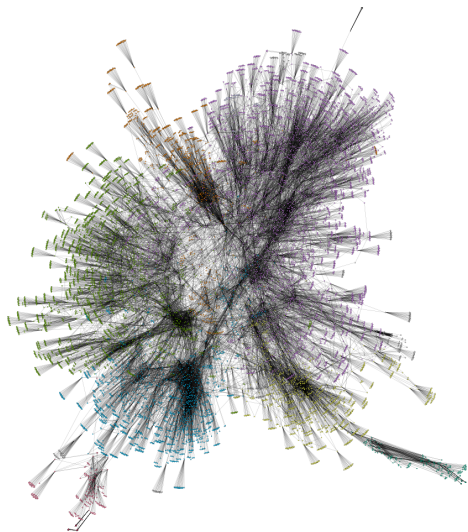
With cookie

A screenshot of a web browser displaying a YouTube video player. The video is titled "Lady Gaga's FULL Pepsi Zero Sugar Super Bowl LI Halftime Show | NFL". The video player shows a stage performance with bright lights and a large audience. The browser's address bar shows the URL "https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7122z6t...". The browser's search bar contains the text "Rechercher". The browser's tabs include "L'Espresso e la conf...", "https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7122z6t...", "Applications", "Create a Python", "Richman - openCl...", "Neural Networks", "Computer Science", "Review: Probabili...", "SHANGHA LOUNGE", "Analytical Methods", and "Exploratory Data...". The browser's status bar shows the URL "https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7122z6t...".

Without cookie



With cookie



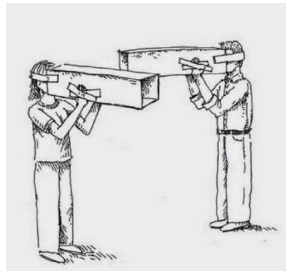
Without cookie

Bias

What is bias ?

Difficult to define

- Political (soft censorship)
- Economical (maximise income)
- Operational (serendipity)



Our definition:

Biasing edges = rewiring the graph of recommendations

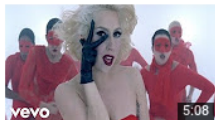
Observation 1 Biased edges *tangibly* impact the graph structure

Observation 2 It is possible to detect such bias.

Dataset

À suivre

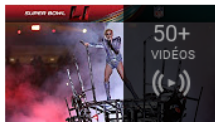
Lecture automatique 



Lady Gaga - Bad Romance

LadyGagaVEVO

826 162 250 vues



Mix - Lady Gaga's FULL Pepsi Zero Sugar Super Bowl LI Halftime Show | NFL

YouTube



Best of Joy Division - Joy Division

Cris Santos

Recommandée pour vous



Metallica & Lady Gaga - Moth Into Flame (Dress Rehearsal HD)

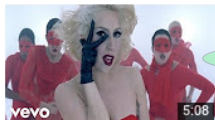
Роберт Мухин

Recommandée pour vous

Dataset

À suivre

Lecture automatique 



Lady Gaga - Bad Romance

LadyGagaVEVO

826 162 250 vues

$k = 17$ normal recommendations

$k' = 2$ "Recommended for you"



Best of Joy Division - Joy Division

Cris Santos

Recommandée pour vous

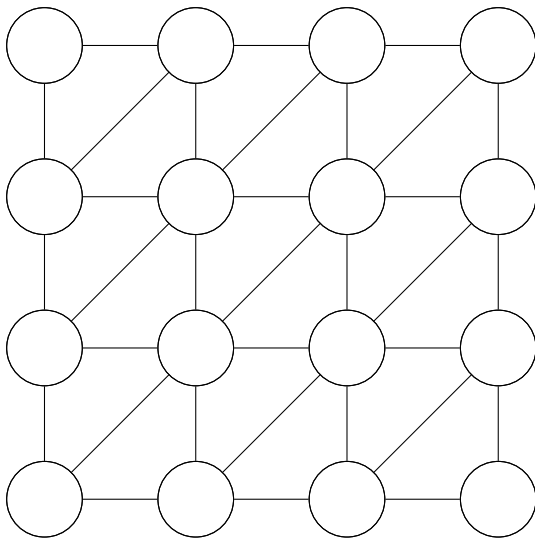


Metallica & Lady Gaga - Moth Into Flame (Dress Rehearsal HD)

Роберт Мухин

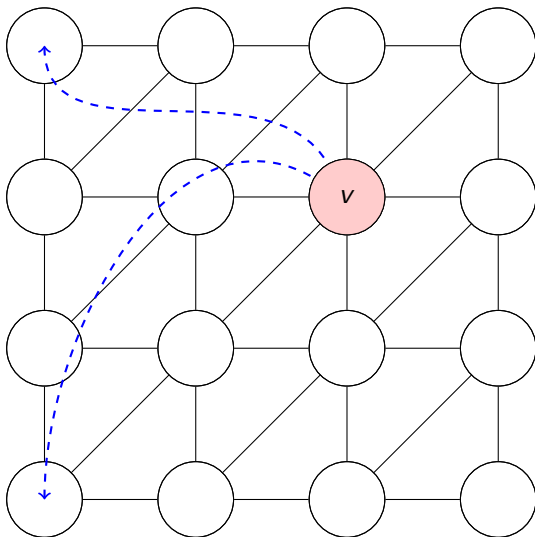
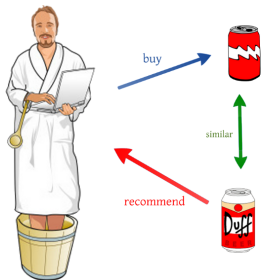
Recommandée pour vous

Analogy: Locality model



- Short links \leftrightarrow
"locality"
"Homophily"

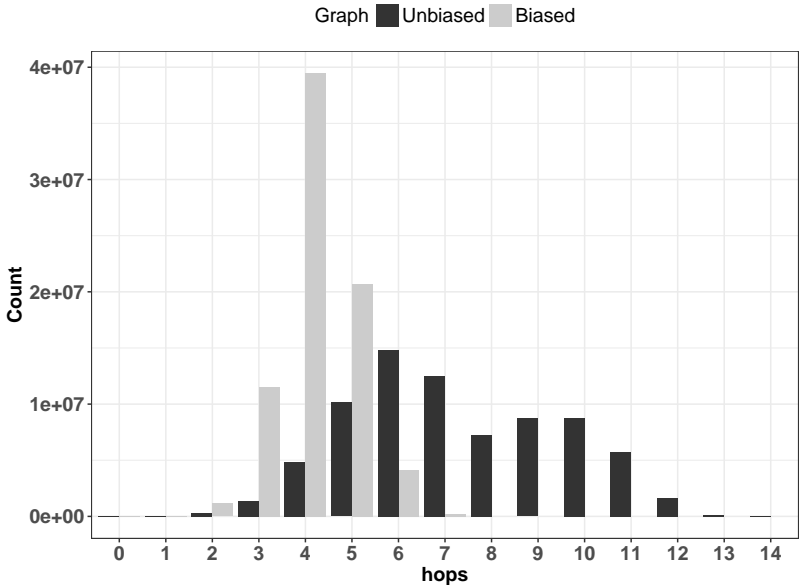
Analogy: Locality model



- Short links \leftrightarrow "locality"
"Homophily"
- Long "random" links \leftrightarrow weak ties

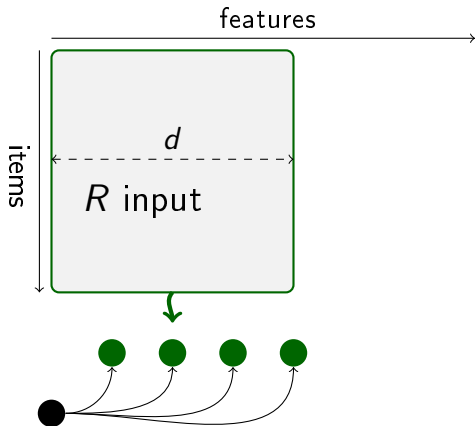


Distance impact



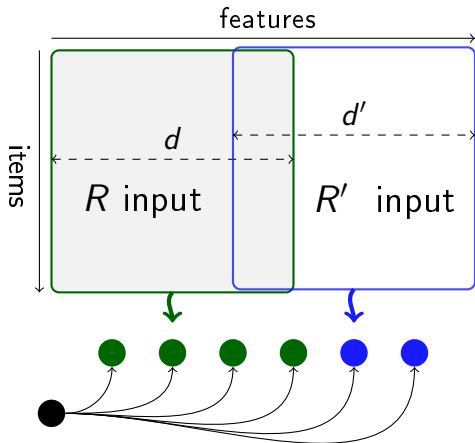
A Toy Model

Objective: tune the level of bias introduced by the operator



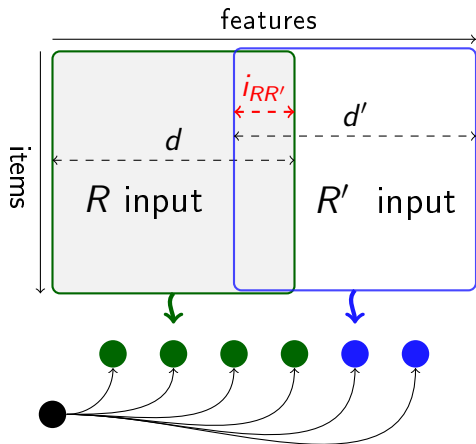
A Toy Model



Objective: tune the level of bias introduced by the operator



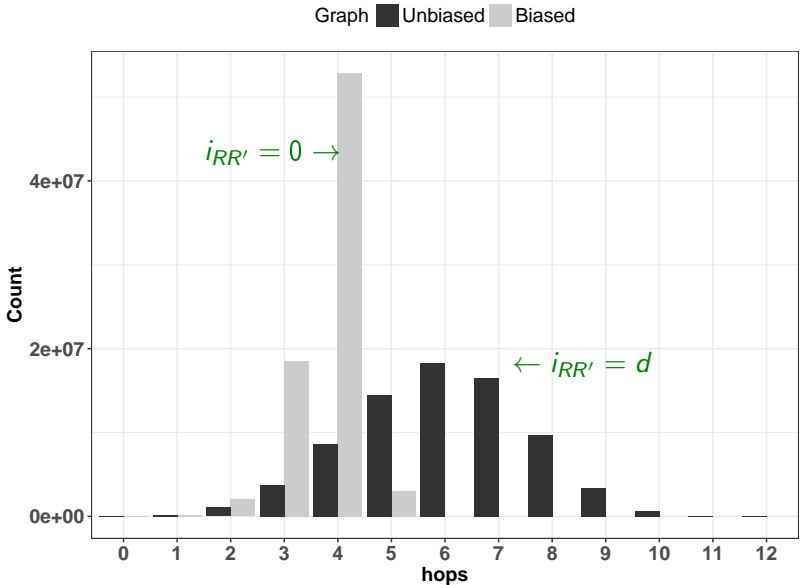
A Toy Model

Objective: tune the level of bias introduced by the operator



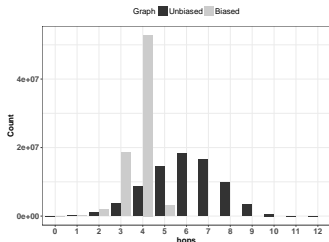
- $i_{RR'} = 0$: Independent outputs, "maximum bias" 
- $i_{RR'} = d = d'$: No bias 

Distance impact

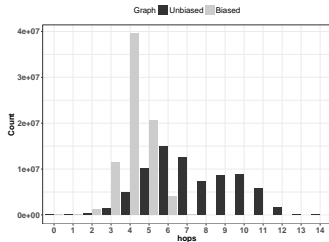


Detecting biased edges

Detection - Approach



Toy model



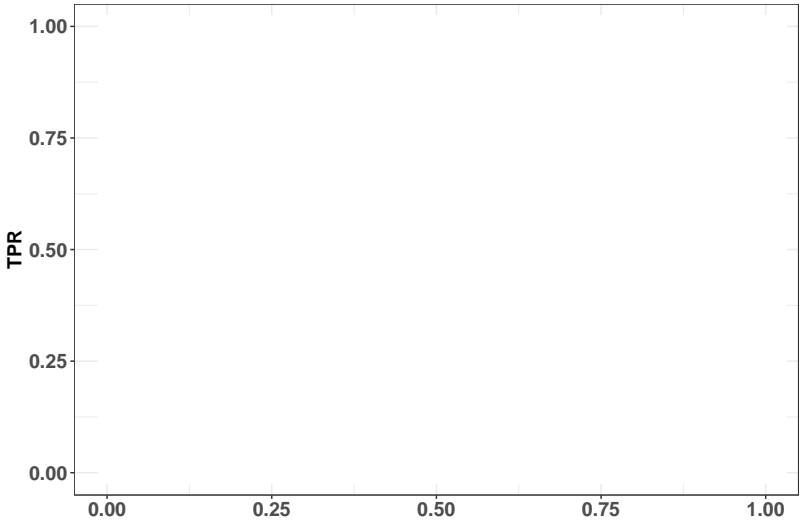
YT dataset

- The removal of 10% links has a drastic impact on path length distribution
- ⇒ **important** links (wrt hop distance)
- ⇒ Betweenness centrality should do:

$$c_B(e) = \sum_{s,t \in V} \frac{\sigma(s,t|e)}{\sigma(s,t)} \propto \mathbb{P}(e \in \textit{Biased})$$

Detection - Model

iRR' 0 1 2 3 4

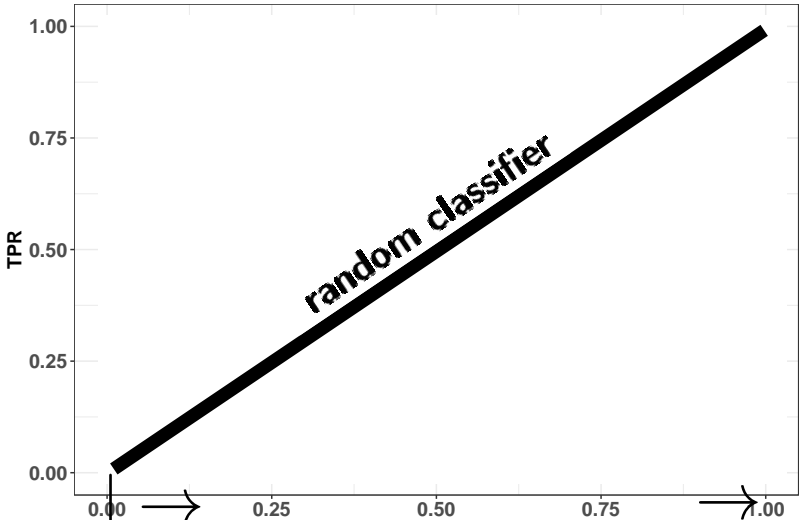


Most probably biased

Least probably biased

Detection - Model

iRR' 0 1 2 3 4



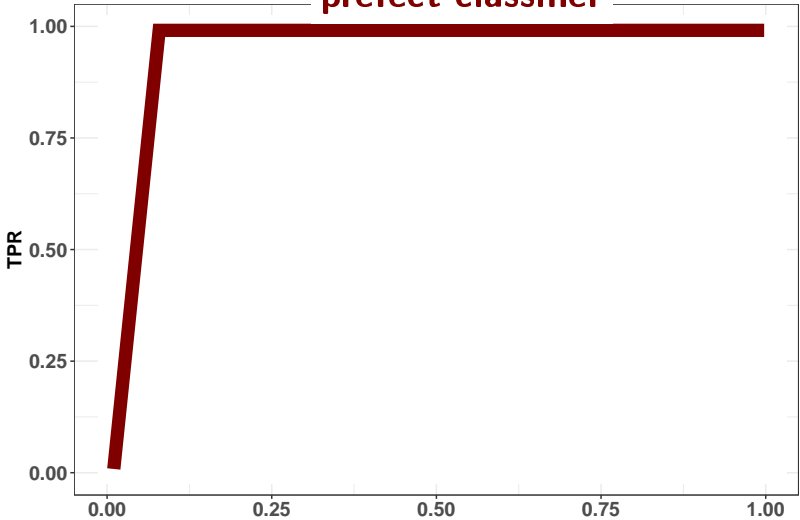
Most probably biased

Least probably biased

Detection - Model

iDD' 0 1 2 3 4

perfect classifier

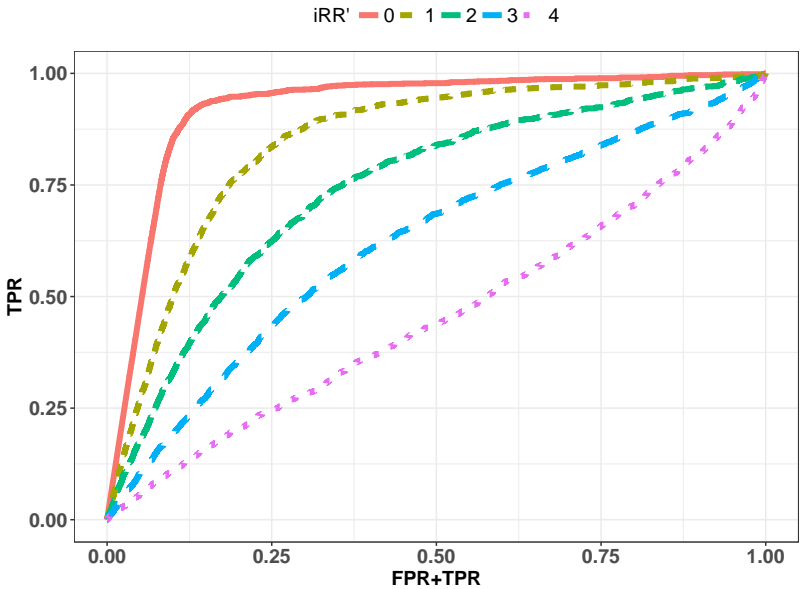


Most probably biased

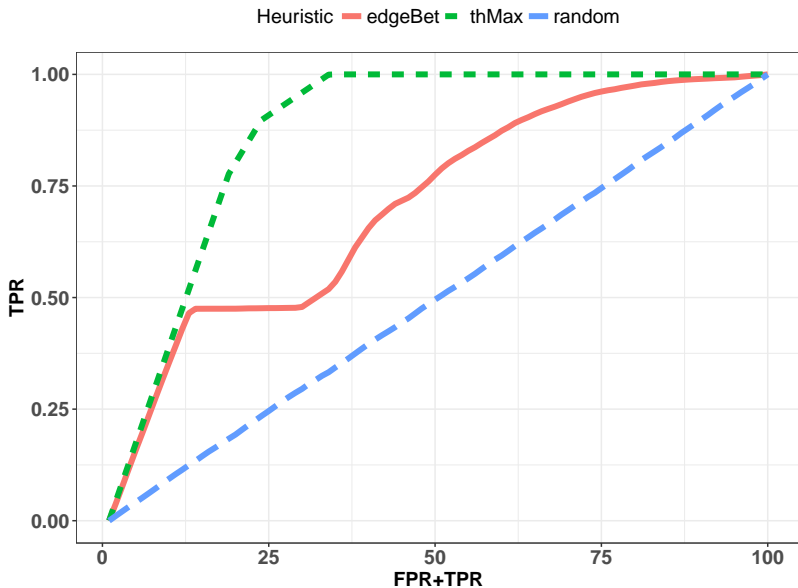
FPR+TPR

Least probably biased

Detection - Model



Detection - Youtube



Conclusion

- Example application: bias detection
 - Bias "breaks" the recommender locality
 - Not so bad heuristic
 - User-local observation !

The topological face of recommendation, Complex Networks, 2017.

- "Reverse engineering" remote black boxes
- ... Difficult model but...
- only answers to a few questions





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